Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

- Claim 1. (Currently Amended) A method for electrochemically depositing a polysaccharide having a selected physical state, onto a substrate surface, wherein said method comprises:
 - providing a substrate comprising said substrate surface, said substrate surface comprising an electrically conductive support;
 - contacting the electrically conductive support with an aqueous solution comprising a selectively insolubilizable polysaccharide; and
 - electrochemically depositing the selectively insolubilizable polysaccharide on the electrically conductive support while controlling deposition conditions to form a polysaccharide mass having a selected physical state deposited onto said substrate surface, wherein the selected physical state comprises that of a hydrogel.
- Claim 2. (Canceled)
- Claim 3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim <u>1</u> 2, wherein said electrochemically depositing is conducted at a current density of about 20 A/m² to about 100 A/m².
- Claim 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 3, wherein said electrochemically depositing is conducted at a pH of about 5 to about 5.5.
- Claim 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim <u>1</u> [4], wherein said electrochemically depositing is conducted for a deposition time of about 2 minutes to about 30 minutes.

- Claim 6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 A method for
 electrochemically depositing a polysaccharide having a selected physical
 state, onto a substrate surface, wherein said method comprises:
 providing a substrate comprising said substrate surface, said substrate
 surface comprising an electrically conductive support;
 contacting the electrically conductive support with an aqueous solution
 comprising a selectively insolubilizable polysaccharide; and
 electrochemically depositing the selectively insolubilizable polysaccharide
 on the electrically conductive support while controlling deposition
 conditions to form a polysaccharide mass having a selected
 physical state deposited onto said substrate surface,
 - wherein said controlling of deposition conditions comprises varying the deposition conditions during said electrochemical deposition to provide the polysaccharide mass with a hydrogel portion and a solid compact film portion.
- Claim 7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6, wherein the hydrogel portion is layered on top of the solid compact film portion.
- Claim 8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the selectively insolubilizable polysaccharide comprises an ionizable group that is ionized to provide a positive charge.
- Claim 9. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, wherein the ionizable group comprises an alkyl amine group, a primary amine group, a secondary amine group, a tertiary amine group, a guanidinium group, an imidazole group, an indole group, a purine group, a pyrimidine group, or a pyrrole group.
- Claim 10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein the ionizable group comprises a primary amine group.

- Claim 11. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 10, wherein the selectively insolubilizable polysaccharide comprises chitosan.
- Claim 12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim <u>8</u> 11, further comprising treating the polysaccharide mass with a sufficiently basic solution to stabilize the polysaccharide mass.
- Claim 13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 A method for electrochemically depositing a polysaccharide having a selected physical state, onto a substrate surface, wherein said method comprises:

 providing a substrate comprising said substrate surface, said substrate surface comprising an electrically conductive support;

 contacting the electrically conductive support with an aqueous solution comprising a selectively insolubilizable polysaccharide; and electrochemically depositing the selectively insolubilizable polysaccharide on the electrically conductive support while controlling deposition conditions to form a polysaccharide mass having a selected physical state deposited onto said substrate surface, wherein the selectively insolubilizable polysaccharide comprises an ionizable group that is ionized to provide a negative charge.
- Claim 14. **(Previously Presented)** The method of claim 13, wherein the ionizable group comprises an alkoxide group, a carboxyl group, a hydroxy acid group, a phenolic group, a phosphate group, or a sulfhydryl group.
- Claim 15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 14, wherein the ionizable group comprises a carboxyl group.
- Claim 16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, further comprising treating the polysaccharide mass with a sufficiently acidic solution to stabilize the polysaccharide mass.

- Claim 17. **(Previously Presented)** The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a non-conducting, inorganic material.
- Claim 18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17, wherein the substrate comprises silicon.
- Claim 19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the electrically conductive support comprises gold.
- Claim 20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein:

 the electrically conductive support is patterned and the substrate surface further comprises an electrically non-conductive portion; and said depositing comprises selectively depositing the selectively insolubilizable polysaccharide on the patterned electrically conductive support.
- Claim 21. **(Previously Presented)** The method of claim 20, wherein the patterned electrically conductive support comprises a plurality of parallel lines spaced apart from one another.
- Claim 22. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the polysaccharide mass comprises a hydrogel, and wherein the method further comprises entrapping in the hydrogel at least one member selected from the group consisting of colloids, micelles, vesicles and cells.
- Claim 23. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the selectively insolubilizable polysaccharide comprises chitosan, and wherein the polysaccharide mass comprises a hydrogel.

Claims 24-43. (Canceled)

Claim 44. (New) The method of claim 6, wherein said electrochemically depositing is conducted at a current density of about 20 A/m² to about 100 A/m².

- Claim 45. (New) The method of claim 6, wherein said electrochemically depositing is conducted at a pH of about 5 to about 5.5.
- Claim 46. (New) The method of claim 6, wherein said electrochemically depositing is conducted for a deposition time of about 2 minutes to about 30 minutes.
- Claim 47. **(New)** The method of claim 6, wherein the polysaccharide mass comprises a hydrogel, and wherein the method further comprises entrapping in the hydrogel at least one member selected from the group consisting of colloids, micelles, vesicles and cells.
- Claim 48. (New) The method of claim 6, wherein the substrate comprises a non-conducting, inorganic material.
- Claim 49. (New) The method of claim 48, wherein the substrate comprises silicon.
- Claim 50. (New) The method of claim 49, wherein the electrically conductive support comprises gold.
- Claim 51. **(New)** The method of claim 6, wherein:

 the electrically conductive support is patterned and the substrate surface further comprises an electrically non-conductive portion; and said depositing comprises selectively depositing the selectively insolubilizable polysaccharide on the patterned electrically conductive support.
- Claim 52. (New) The method of claim 51, wherein the patterned electrically conductive support comprises a plurality of parallel lines spaced apart from one another.
- Claim 53. (New) The method of claim 6, wherein the selectively insolubilizable polysaccharide comprises chitosan.
- Claim 54. (New) The method of claim 13, wherein said electrochemically depositing is conducted at a current density of about 20 A/m² to about 100 A/m².

- Claim 55. (New) The method of claim 13, wherein said electrochemically depositing is conducted at a pH of about 5 to about 5.5.
- Claim 56. (New) The method of claim 13, wherein said electrochemically depositing is conducted for a deposition time of about 2 minutes to about 30 minutes.
- Claim 57. (New) The method of claim 13, wherein the polysaccharide mass comprises a hydrogel, and wherein the method further comprises entrapping in the hydrogel at least one member selected from the group consisting of colloids, micelles, vesicles and cells.
- Claim 58. (New) The method of claim 13, wherein the substrate comprises a non-conducting, inorganic material.
- Claim 59. (New) The method of claim 58, wherein the substrate comprises silicon.
- Claim 60. (New) The method of claim 59, wherein the electrically conductive support comprises gold.
- Claim 61. (New) The method of claim 13, wherein:

 the electrically conductive support is patterned and the substrate surface further comprises an electrically non-conductive portion; and said depositing comprises selectively depositing the selectively insolubilizable polysaccharide on the patterned electrically conductive support.
- Claim 62. (New) The method of claim 61, wherein the patterned electrically conductive support comprises a plurality of parallel lines spaced apart from one another.